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MATDIP401

**Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2019**  
**Advanced Mathematics – II**

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 100

**Note: Answer any FIVE full questions.**

- 1 a. Find the ratio in which the point P(5, 4, -6) divides the line joining the points Q(3, 2, -4) and R(9, 8, -10). (06 Marks)  
 b. Find the angles between any two diagonals of a cube. (07 Marks)  
 c. Find the projection of AB on the line CD, where A = (1, 2, 3), B = (1, 1, 1), C = (0, 0, 1) and D = (2, 3, 0). (07 Marks)
  
- 2 a. Show that the points (2, 2, 0), (4, 5, 1), (3, 9, 4) and (0, -1, -1) are coplanar. Find the equation of the plane containing them. (06 Marks)  
 b. Find the equation of the plane through the intersection of the planes  $2x + 3y - z = 5$  and  $x - 2y - 3z + 8 = 0$  and perpendicular to the plane  $x + y - z = 2$ . (07 Marks)  
 c. Find the shortest distance between the lines :  

$$\frac{x-6}{3} = \frac{y-7}{-1} = \frac{z-4}{1} \text{ and } \frac{x}{-3} = \frac{y+9}{2} = \frac{z-2}{4}.$$
 (07 Marks)
  
- 3 a. Show that the position vectors of the vertices of a triangle  $2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ ,  $\hat{i} - 3\hat{j} - 5\hat{k}$  and  $3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j} - 4\hat{k}$  form a right - angled triangle. (06 Marks)  
(07 Marks)  
 b. If  $\vec{a} = \hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = 3\hat{i} - \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$  then find the angle between  $(2\vec{a} + \vec{b})$  and  $(\vec{a} + 2\vec{b})$ .  
 c. Find the sine of the angle between  $\vec{a} = 2\hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + \hat{k}$  and  $\vec{b} = \hat{i} - 2\hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ . (07 Marks)
  
- 4 a. Find the constant 'a' so that the vectors  $2\hat{i} - \hat{j} + \hat{k}$ ,  $\hat{i} + 2\hat{j} - 3\hat{k}$  and  $3\hat{i} + a\hat{j} + 5\hat{k}$  are coplanar. (06 Marks)  
 b. Find the angle between the tangents to the curve  $x = t^2, y = t^3, z = t^4$  at  $t = 2$  and  $t = 3$ . (07 Marks)  
 c. Find the directional derivative of  $x^2yz^3$  at (1, 1, 1) in the direction of  $\hat{i} + \hat{j} + 2\hat{k}$ . (07 Marks)
  
- 5 a. Find  $\text{div } \vec{F}$  and  $\text{curl } \vec{F}$ , where  $\vec{F} = \nabla(x^3 + y^3 + z^3 - 3xyz)$ . (06 Marks)  
 b. Find the constants a, b, c such that the vector :  

$$\vec{F} = (x + y + az)\hat{i} + (x + cy + 2z)\hat{k} + (bx + 2y - z)\hat{j}$$
 is irrotational. (07 Marks)  
 c. Prove that  $\nabla^2(\log r) = \frac{1}{r^2}$  where  $\vec{r} = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$  and  $r = |\vec{r}|$ . (07 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.  
2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

- 6 a. Find the Laplace transform of  $5 \sin 2t + 3 \cos 4t$ . (05 Marks)  
b. Find Laplace transform of  $e^{-3t} \cos 4t$ . (05 Marks)  
c. Find  $\alpha \left\{ \frac{1 - \cos t}{t} \right\}$ . (05 Marks)  
d. Find  $\alpha \{f(t)\}$  where  $f(t) = \begin{cases} 3t, & 0 < t < 2 \\ 6, & 2 < t < 4 \end{cases}$   
Given that  $f(t)$  is the periodic function with the period 4. (05 Marks)
- 7 a. Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{5S+1}{S^2+16}$ . (06 Marks)  
b. Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{1}{(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)}$ . (07 Marks)  
c. Find the inverse Laplace transform of  $\log(1-a/s)$ . (07 Marks)
- 8 a. Solve  $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 12e^{-t}$ ,  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $y'(0) = 6$  using Laplace transform method. (10 Marks)  
b. Solve the simultaneous equation using Laplace transforms  $\frac{dx}{dt} + y = \sin t$ ,  $\frac{dy}{dt} + x = \cos t$ ,  
given that  $x = 1$ ,  $y = 0$  when  $t = 0$ . (10 Marks)

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